

the United States, surpassing the accolades of personal accomplishments and awards only with the gift of inspiration to future leaders and former colleagues. Colonel Fletcher is a great American, and his service to his country, his profession, and his fellow man serves as the benchmark by which we all should hope to achieve.

JOSEPH ILETO POST OFFICE

Mrs. FEINSTEIN. Mr. President, I am very pleased that yesterday the Senate unanimously passed a bill I introduced to name a United States Post Office after Joseph Santos Iletto. He was the U.S. Postal Service employee of Filipino descent who was brutally gunned down last August by the same man who opened fire on the North Valley Jewish Community Center. This bill designates the new post office located at 14071 Peyton Drive in Chino Hills, California as the "Joseph Iletto Post Office."

Joseph Iletto's death on the job exemplifies the ultimate sacrifice of public service. He served our nation with honor and will be remembered by his family, friends, and community as a kind-hearted man who touched many lives. Despite the tragedy of his death, we can take comfort in knowing that Joseph's life will continue to touch others.

By passing this bill, Congress recognizes the urgent need to address and condemn hate crimes and racism. Dedication of the newly constructed post office in Joseph's hometown is the very least we can do to honor a man who gave his life to his country. The companion legislation, sponsored by Congressman GARY MILLER, has already passed. It is my hope that the bill will be signed into law expeditiously.

THE FLAG DESECRATION ACT

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, in less than a month's time, we will celebrate the first Memorial Day of the second millennium, our first opportunity in this new century to honor and salute the men and women who, through the decades, have sacrificed so gallantly to keep us free. It will be our first opportunity to thank them publicly for the sacrifice they made, the pain they suffered, and the trauma they endured to ensure that the flame of freedom would never be extinguished.

Each and every one of those patriots, Mr. President, those who died, those who returned, and those we are blessed to still have with us, shouldered squarely the highest responsibility of citizenship; remained dedicated to the survival of our Nation; were willing to pay the highest price to preserve peace and freedom. And they risked it all under the one symbol that summed up their strength and sharpened their courage—our bright banner of red, white, and blue.

We are a Nation of images and symbols, but that's not a 21st century phenomenon. It has always been so. Throughout our history, we have been captivated by scenes that seem to capture all the emotion of a particular event—George Washington's winter encampment at Valley Forge, Robert E. Lee's last ride to Appomattox along a path lined by ranks of Union troops standing at attention, JFK's funeral cortege making its way to Arlington across the Memorial Bridge.

But the most poignant image of all—the one that will live forever in the hearts and minds of all Americans—is the image of a handful of Marines braced against a whipping Pacific wind, raising the American flag over Iwo Jima.

That symbol of freedom that flies over the dome of the building in which we now stand, that adorns the flagpoles of our schools and communities, that graces the windows and doorways of our homes, that is draped in silent tribute over the coffins of our dead—that symbol deserves our protection.

It should not, under any—any—circumstances be desecrated. And that is why I support an amendment to the U.S. Constitution to ensure that this is so.

The Constitutional Amendment proposed by this resolution is surprisingly simple—astoundingly simple when compared to anything that emanates from Washington these days. It does not dictate a particular course of action to the states. It does not threaten the separation of powers. It does not set a complex set of rules and regulations that require a team of lawyers to interpret. It does not change the integrity of the Constitution. And it does not cost the taxpayers one cent. The entire amendment is contained in a single sentence: "The Congress and the States shall have power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States."

To those who maintain that this amendment would be a violation of First, I quote perhaps the greatest proponent of First Amendment freedoms, Supreme Court Justice Hugo Black, who stated, "It passes my belief that anything in the Federal Constitution bars making the deliberate burning of the American flag an offense." Let me repeat: "It passes my belief that anything in the Federal Constitution bars making the deliberate burning of the American flag an offense."

Let us not let one more Memorial Day pass without clarifying and codifying that protection. Let us not let one more soldier, sailor, airman or marine nobly and unselfishly risk his life without honoring him and the ideals for which he is willing to die, without protecting the most sacred and visible symbol of his freedom.

Let us not let one more minute pass, without enacting into law, and sending

to the states, this amendment to protect the flag under which so many—so many—were willing to, as one soldier-poet put it, "taste death in youth so that Liberty might grow old."

Mr. CHAFEE. Mr. President, last week the Senate engaged in an emotionally charged debate about one of our nation's most precious and beloved symbols, the flag. American history is rich with examples of the significance of our flag. Francis Scott Key's lyrics equate our "star spangled banner" with the essence of our national identity, "the land of the free and the home of the brave." Betsy Ross is known to school children from the Aleutian Islands to the Florida Keys as the woman who painstakingly sewed our first flag. Many Senators referred to the raising of the flag by a handful of beleaguered, yet still brave, Marines on Iwo Jima. And who among us will ever forget the sight of Neil Armstrong planting the flag on the moon as he took that giant step for mankind. During the Judiciary Committee's hearings on S.J. Res. 14, the proposed Constitutional Amendment to protect the flag, Senator MCCAIN told of a fearless POW who fashioned a flag from scraps of material. Each night under threat of torture, an extraordinary group of prisoners displayed the makeshift flag and renewed their commitment to democracy and their courage to withstand a barbarous imprisonment.

As children, we started each day with our hands respectfully pressed to our hearts as we recited the pledge of allegiance. As Senators, we start the day in much the same manner, renewing our respect for this visible symbol of democracy.

Unlike Senator MCCAIN and Senator BOB KERRY, some of us have not served our country in the military. Our national pride, our fundamental courage, our commitment to country has not been tested on the battlefield, but just a few months ago, I stood in the well of this Chamber and, as my wife held the Bible on which my left hand rested, I swore to uphold the Constitution. The Constitution is the document that provides each citizen with broad rights. It doesn't fly majestically in front of government buildings. We do not pledge allegiance to it each day. Yet, it is the source of our freedom. It tells us that we are free to assemble peacefully. We are free to speak and publish without fear of censorship. We are free to worship without interference; free from unlawful search and seizure; and free to choose our leaders. It is these freedoms that define what it is to be an American.

In its more than 200 years, the Constitution has been amended only 27 times. With the exception of the Eighteenth Amendment which was later repealed, these amendments have reaffirmed and expanded individual freedoms. This Resolution would not have